



Here comes the flood Tools for Big Data analytics

Guy Chesnot - June, 2012

Agenda

Data flood

Implementations

Hadoop

Not Hadoop

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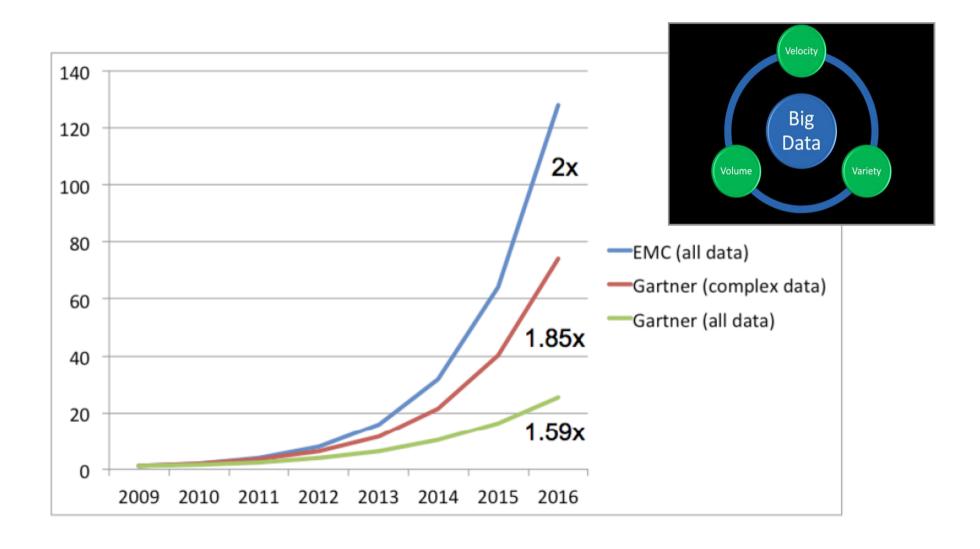
Data flood

Implementations

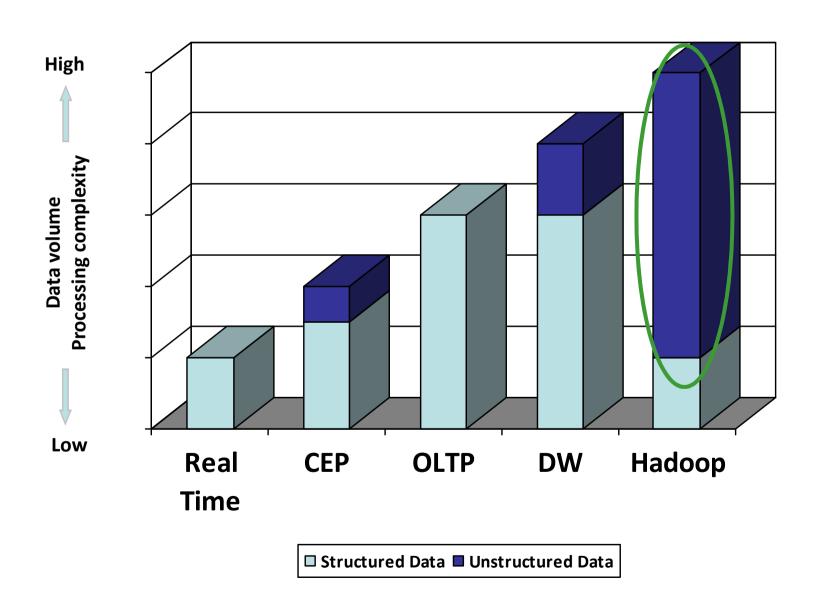
Hadoop

Not Hadoop

Forecast Data Growth Rates



Computationally Intensive Distributed Data Analytics



Pride and Prejudice

Cloud = Hadoop = Big Data

Pride and Prejudice (cont.)

Cloud ≠ Hadoop ≠ Big Data

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Implementation

- Several implementation levels
- Application level
- Hardware: disk arrays
- Software layer, close to OS: « Cloud » OS, File system manager, in-between
 - Best choice
 - Efficiency
 - Feature rich
 - Not easy to develop

Implementation (cont.)

- Software layer very successful
 - Because of Open Source HADOOP
 - Other software products exist too
- Two main architectures at the file system manager level
 - Centralized metadata service (as in popular PFS) :
 Hadoop
 - Peer-to-peer model: metadata base is fully distributed

Hadoop is a widely used technology for Big Data processing

Advantages

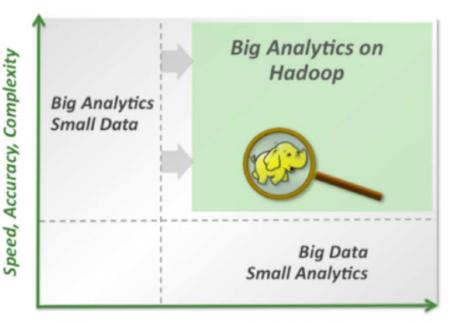
- Economics
- Flexibility
- Scalability

Challenges

- Raw Technology
- Complexity of deployment
- Requires significant resources
- No packaged Applications

Rapid Adoption

- Yahoo!, Facebook, eBay, Twitter
- JPMC, Schwab
- GAP, Walmart
- CIA
- Many more....

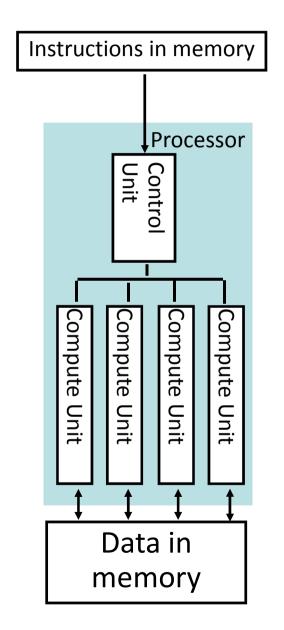


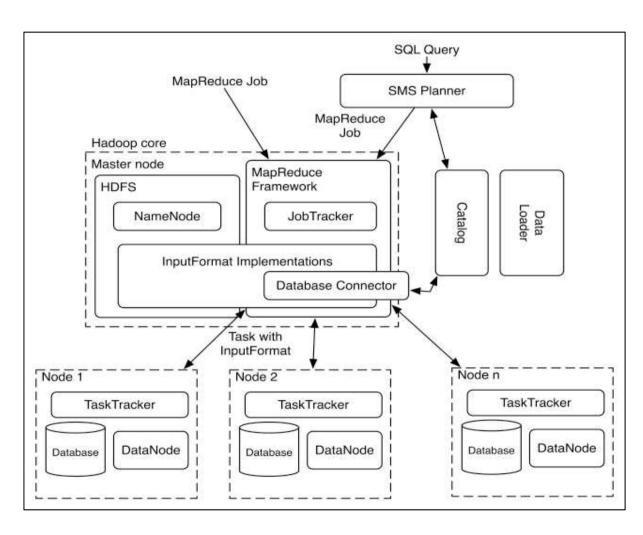
Size of Data and Degree of "Unstructuredness"

Hadoop adoption impetus is greatest when projects combine "Big Analytics" (fast, comprehensive analysis of complex data) and massive, unstructured data sets.

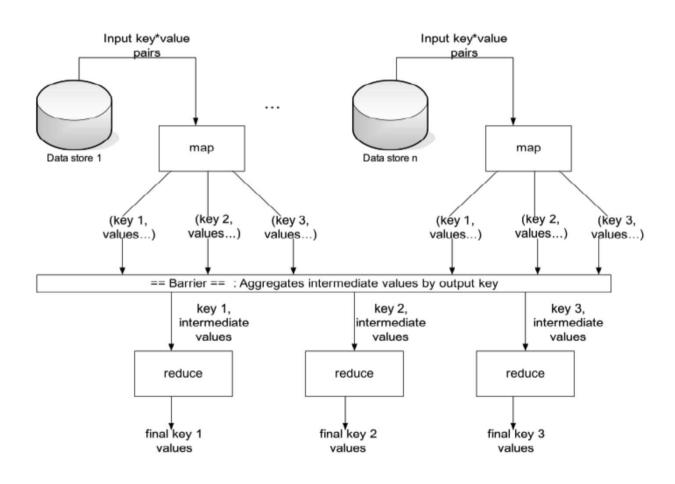
Source: Karmasphere & Booz Allen Hamilon

Hadoop is not a new model: Hadoop et SIMD





Hadoop uses MapReduce to bring processing to data



Hardware Hadoop implementation: Servers

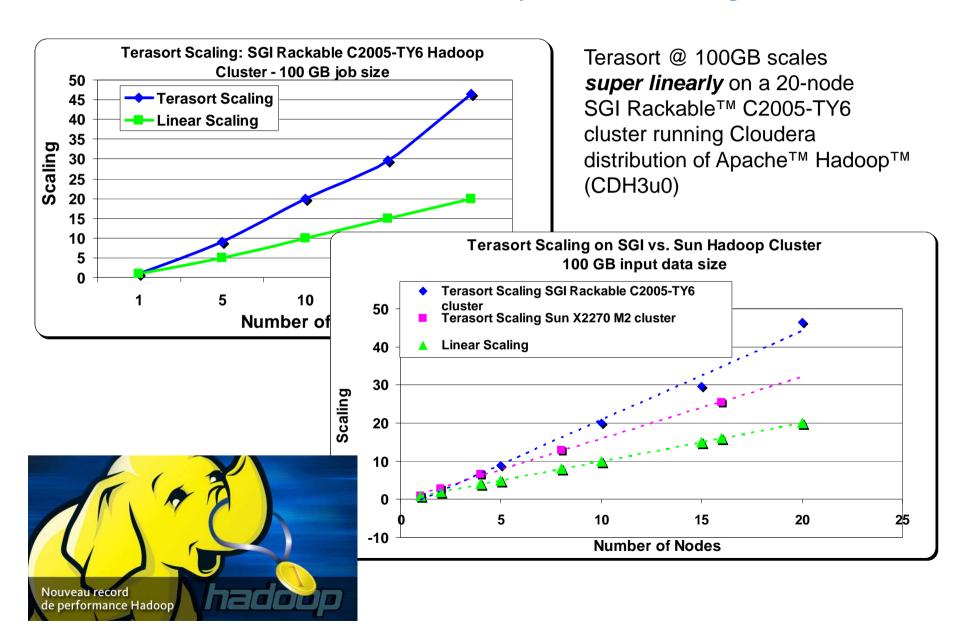
Excerpt from INTEL whitepaper:

« Optimizing Hadoop deployments »

To maximize the energy efficiency and performance of a Hadoop cluster, it is important to consider that Hadoop deployments do not require many of the features typically found in an enterprise data centre server.

Hardware Hadoop implementation: Network

World Record Benchmark - SGI Hadoop Cluster running Terasort



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Choosing the right Application for Hadoop

- Applications need to be written to scale to hundreds and thousands of nodes;
 and should support tens of millions of files in a single HDFS instance.
- Applications need streaming access to their data sets; designed more for batch processing rather than interactive use by users; need high throughput of data access rather than low latency of data access.
- Applications need a write-once-read-many access model for files.
- Applications need to be compatible to run in a Java MapReduce framework; need to be able to use HDFS interfaces to move themselves closer to where the data is located.
- Applications need the ability to process unstructured and semi-structured data or information.

Who is/Will be Using Hadoop

- Bioscience pharmacological trials produce massive amounts of data to validate complex interactions of molecular with experimental data.
- Financial services have larger volumes through smaller trading sizes, increased market volatility, and improvements in automated and algorithmic trading. Fraud detection analyzes otherwise unrecognizable patterns and data relationships.
- Science and research is increasingly being dominated by initiatives with large data volumes:
 - Large Hadron Collider [LHC] at CERN generates over 15 PB of data per year. The data must be distributed to be retained and processed.
 - Continental-scale experiments and environmental monitoring are both politically and technological feasible (e.g., Ocean Observatories Initiative [OOI], National Ecological Observatory Network [NEON], and USArray, a continental-scale seismic observatory)
 - Improving instrument and sensor technology (e.g., the Large Synoptic Survey Telescope [LSST] has a 3.2 Gpixel camera and will generate over 6 PB of image data per year)
- Retailers collect clickstream data from website interactions and data from traditional retailing operations for customer buying analysis and inventory management.
- Government and military agencies collect and process massive amounts of raw data from a wide variety of sources to arrive at actionable intelligence.







Some Hadoop users













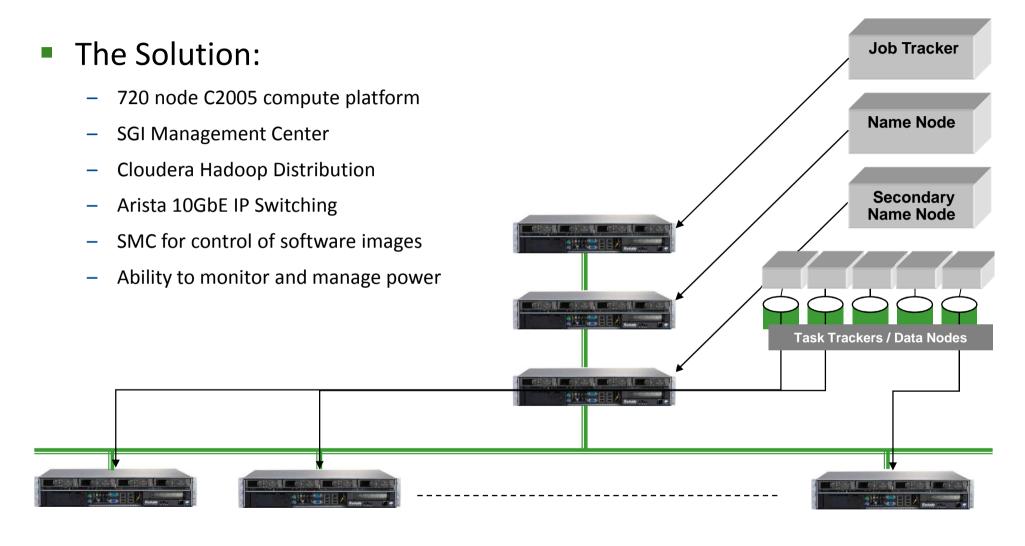




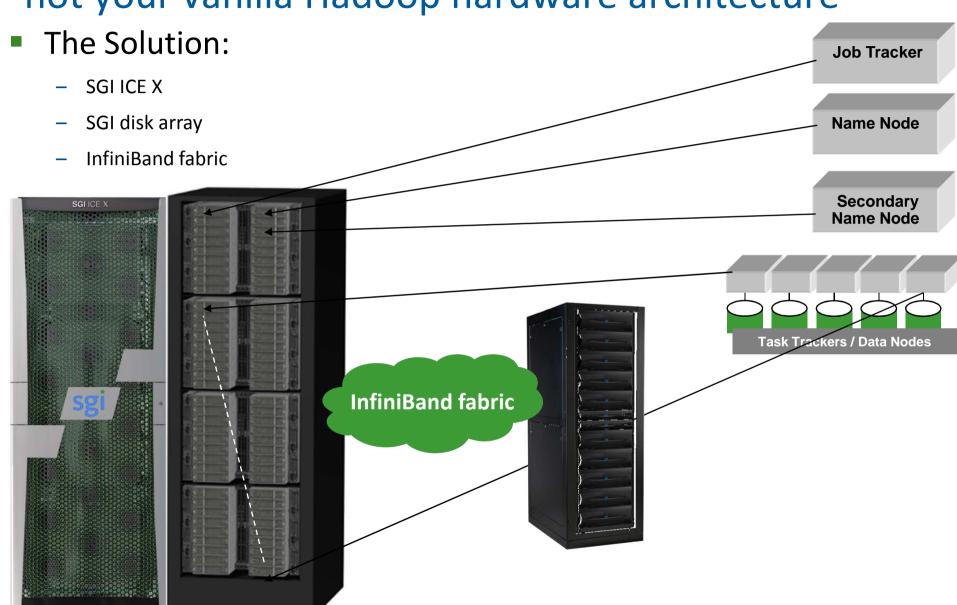




SGI Hadoop customer: regular configuration



SGI Hadoop customer: not your vanilla Hadoop hardware architecture



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Big Data analytics without Hadoop

Fraud detection





Istituto Nazionale della Previdenza Sociale

Large memory server

Big Data analytics without Hadoop



- Wikipedia's view of: history, persons, categories, organizations
- Entire edition of English Wikipedia
- Metadata and data
 - 4 million pages
 - Connections among them

Some kind of Google Earth view of Big Data

Big Data analytics without Hadoop (cont.)

The Sentiment of the World Throughout History Through Wikipedia



Big Data analytics without data storage!

IP packets analysis

Real-time security enforcement

Check and let the packets flow

Extract relevant metadata for later analysis



Big Data analytics without data storage!

Set top box events analysis

Real-timeLatency

Analysis performance



Big Data and Cloud with data management

Cloud for backup/restore, archival



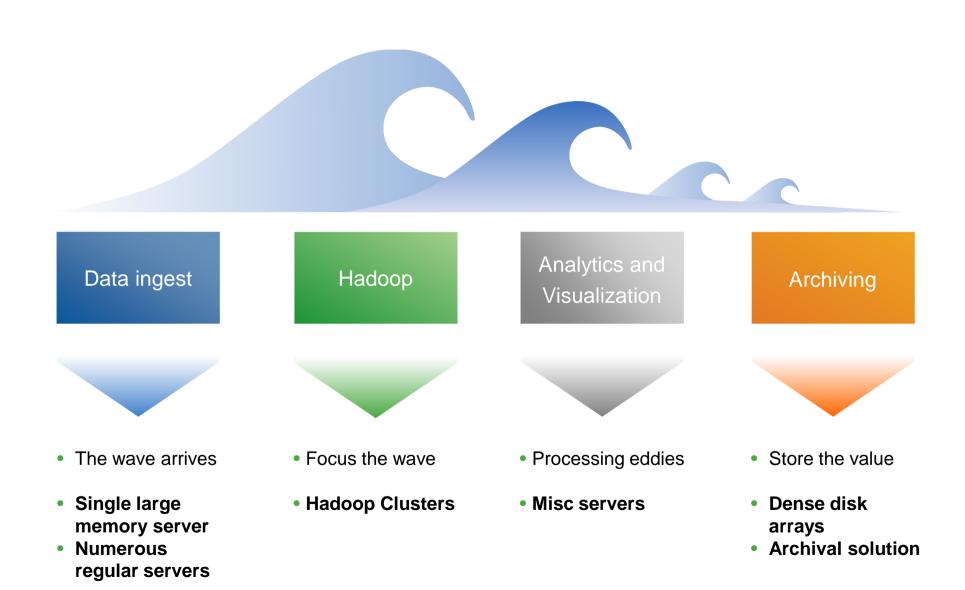


Amazon 33

Simple Storage Service

- HDFS only
- Scalability
- Low cost
 - Purchase
 - TCO

The Data Wave



Big Data Dream Team

Rackable



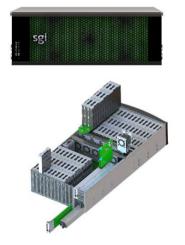
Unstructured data

SGI UV



Structured data

SGI MIS



Cloud storage

ArcFiniti



Archival

